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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
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Baker Botts LLP			ENGLAND, DAVID E		
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			DATE MAILED: 03/25/2004	_{/2004} O	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Арр	lication No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		658,238	ZURAWSKI, JO	ZURAWSKI, JOHN C.			
		miner	Art Unit				
		id E. England	2143				
The MAILING DATE of this comr Period for Reply	nunication app e ars	on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	ıddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIO THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMM - Extensions of time may be available under the provis after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of - If the period for reply specified above is less than thi - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximu - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three more earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(UNICATION. sions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). I communication. rty (30) days, a reply within m statutory period will apply reply will, by statute, cause ths after the mailing date o	n no event, however, may a the statutory minimum of th y and will expire SIX (6) MO the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered tim NTHS from the mailing date of this BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>08</u> Septen	nber 2000.					
2a) This action is FINAL .							
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the day of the above claim(s) 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to select to results are subject to results	is/are withdrawn fro						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to b 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 Septe</u> Applicant may not request that any of Replacement drawing sheet(s) inclu 11) The oath or declaration is objected	mber 2000 is/are: abjection to the drawing the correction is	ng(s) be held in abeya required if the drawin	nnce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 (CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a classification. All b) Some * c) None of the prior of the prior of the copies of the prior of the certified copies of	f: rity documents hav rity documents hav ies of the priority do ational Bureau (PC	e been received. e been received in a ocuments have been T Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this Nationa	al Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revie 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-144 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4.5.		Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PT	TO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1 - 17 are presented for examination.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 2. Claims 1, 7, 11 and 16 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 1 and 7 of copending Application No. 09/658237. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.
- 3. The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: providing a set of predetermined function definitions which are different;
- 4. storing a project definition that includes:
- 5. a plurality of function portions which each correspond to one of said function definitions in said set, and which each define at least one input port and at least one output port that are functionally related according to the corresponding function definition; a further portion which includes a source portion identifying a data

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source and defining an output port through which data from the data source can be produced, and which includes a destination portion identifying a data destination and defining an input port through which data can be supplied to the data destination; and binding information which includes binding portions that each associate a respective said input port with one of said output ports.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application in the other copending application. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

- 6. Claims 1, 7, 11 and 16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 7 of U.S. Application No. 09/658237 in view of Nguyen et al. (6202070) (hereinafter Nguyen).
- 7. As per claim 1, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Applicant's previously submitted application claims teaches a method, comprising the steps of:
- 8. providing a set of predetermined function definitions which are different;
- 9. storing a project definition that includes:
- a plurality of function portions which each correspond to one of said function definitions in said set, and which each define at least one input port and at least one output port that are functionally related according to the corresponding function definition;
- a further portion which includes a source portion identifying a data source and defining an output port through which data from the data source can be produced, and which includes a destination portion identifying a data destination and defining an input port through which data can be supplied to the data destination; and

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12. binding information which includes binding portions that each associate a respective said input port with one of said output ports; but does not specifically teach automatically initiating execution of said project definition in response to a change to data in said data source.

- 13. Nguyen teaches automatically initiating execution of said project definition in response to a change to data in said data source, (e.g. col. 3, line 38 col. 4, line 20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make a system automated in response to updated information, since it has been held that broadly providing a mechanical or automatic means to replace manual activity which has accomplished the same result involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Venner*, 120 USPQ 192.
- 14. Claims 7, 11 and 16 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

Second Office Action

15. Claims 1 - 17 are presented for examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

16. The information disclosure statement filed 11/13/2000 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(1), which requires 1449 list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

Drawings

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17. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the predetermined function definitions must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

- 18. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the function portions must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.
- 19. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.
- 20. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the trigger must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

- 21. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the causing said data source to automatically transmit said trigger through a communications link must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.
- A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

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- 23. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the responding to receipt of said trigger through said communications link by effecting said initiating of execution of said project definition must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.
- 24. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 25. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- Claims 1, 7, 11 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The limitation of, "predetermined function definitions", is not specifically stated, as to what its function is, in the specification.
- Claims 1, 7, 11 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The limitation of, "a plurality of function portions", is not specifically stated, as to what its function is, in the specification.

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- 28. Claims 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 15 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The term "trigger" is not specifically defined in the specification.
- 29. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

30. Claims 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 15 – 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "trigger" is ambiguous as to the specific meaning of the word.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 31. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 32. Claims 1 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coile (6654795) in view of Nguyen et al. (6202070) (hereinafter Nguyen).
- 33. As per claim 1, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Coile teaches a method, comprising the steps of:

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- providing a set of predetermined function definitions which are different, (e.g. col. 1, lines 37 65, "HTTP, IP" & col. 4, line 36 col. 5, line 12, "IP");
- 35. storing a project definition that includes:
- a plurality of function portions which each correspond to one of said function definitions in said set, and which each define at least one input port and at least one output port that are functionally related according to the corresponding function definition, (e.g. col. 1, lines 37 65 & col. 4, line 36 col. 5, line 12, "source and destination ports");
- a further portion which includes a source portion identifying a data source and defining an output port through which data from the data source can be produced, and which includes a destination portion identifying a data destination and defining an input port through which data can be supplied to the data destination, (e.g. col. 1, lines 37 65 & col. 4, line 36 col. 5, line 12, "source and destination addresses"); and
- binding information which includes binding portions that each associate a respective said input port with one of said output ports, (e.g. col. 1, lines 37 65 & col. 4, line 36 col. 5, line 12, "IP packet"); but does not specifically teach automatically initiating execution of said project definition in response to a change to data in said data source.
- 39. Nguyen teaches automatically initiating execution of said project definition in response to a change to data in said data source, (e.g. col. 3, line 38 col. 4, line 20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make a system automated in response to updated information, since it has been held that broadly providing a mechanical or automatic means to replace manual activity which has accomplished the same result involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Venner*, 120 USPQ 192.
- 40. As per claim 2, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Coile does not specifically teach the steps of causing said data source to automatically generate a trigger in response to a change to data therein;

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- 41. causing said data source to automatically transmit said trigger through a communications link; and
- 42. responding to receipt of said trigger through said communications link by effecting said initiating of execution of said project definition. Nguyen teaches the steps of causing said data source to automatically generate a trigger in response to a change to data therein, (e.g. col. 3, line 38 col. 4, line 20 & col. 26, lines 35 65);
- 43. causing said data source to automatically transmit said trigger through a communications link, (e.g. col. 3, line 38 col. 4, line 20 & col. 26, lines 35 65); and
- responding to receipt of said trigger through said communications link by effecting said initiating of execution of said project definition, (e.g. col. 3, line 38 col. 4, line 20 & col. 26, lines 35 65). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Nguyen with Coile because of similar reasons as stated above and furthermore, it would make a system more efficient to have a real time system that transmits changes over a network automatically immediately as they happen.
- As per claim 3, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Coile does not specifically teach the step of expressing said trigger in a public communication protocol. Nguyen teaches teach the step of expressing said trigger in a public communication protocol, (e.g. col. 3, line 38 col. 4, line 20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Nguyen with Coile because of similar reasons as stated above.
- 46. As per claim 4, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Coile teaches the step selecting as said public communication protocol the eXtensible Markup Language (XML) protocol, (e.g. col. 1, lines 15 30).
- 47. As per claim 5, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Coile teaches the step of configuring said communications link to include a network, (e.g. col. 7, line 55 col. 8, line 24 & col. 8, lines 46 65).

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48. As per claim 6, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Coile does not specifically teaches the step of configuring said network to include a portion of the Internet. Nguyen more specifically teaches the step of configuring said network to include a portion of the Internet, (e.g. col. 37, lines 1 – 38). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Nguyen with Coile because it would be more efficient for a system to be able to adapt and utilize a network that could communicate and interact with user around the world.

49. Claims 7 - 17 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

Conclusion

- 50. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 51. a. Shaw et al. U.S. Patent No. 6362836 discloses Universal application server for providing applications on a variety of client devices in a client/server network.
- 52. b. Chiu et al. U.S. Patent No. 6385170 discloses Method and system for dynamically triggering flow-based quality of service shortcuts through a router.
- 53. c. Drake et al. U.S. Patent No. 6347374 discloses Event detection.
- 54. d. Anderson et al. U.S. Patent No. 6078925 discloses Computer program product for database relational extenders.
- 55. e. Zurawski et al. U.S. Patent No. 6651121 discloses Method and apparatus for facilitating scalability during automated data processing.
- 56. f. Dugan et al. U.S. Patent No. 636411 discloses Intelligent network.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David E. England whose telephone number is 703-305-5333. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur, 7:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on 703-308-5221. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application
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David E. England Examiner Art Unit 2143

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